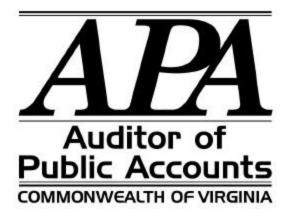
WIRELESS E-911 SERVICES BOARD RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

REPORT ON AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002



AUDIT SUMMARY

Our audit of the Wireless E-911 Services Board for the year ended June 30, 2002, found:

- the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the Board's financial position as of June 30, 2002, and the results of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles;
- no material weaknesses in the internal control over financial reporting; and
- no instances of noncompliance with material laws and regulations tested.

-TABLE OF CONTENTS-

	<u>Pages</u>
AUDIT SUMMARY	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS:	
Report on the Financial Statements	1- 2
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Planning	2- 3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Assets	5
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	6
Statement of Cash Flow	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8- 12
BOARD MEMBERS	13

November 11, 2002

The Honorable Mark R. Warner Governor of Virginia

The Honorable Kevin G. Miller Chairman, Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission

Board of Directors Wireless E-911 Services Board

We have audited the accounts and records of **Wireless E-911 Services Board**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and submit herewith our complete reports on financial statements and compliance and internal control over financial reporting.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Wireless E-911 Services Board, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wireless E-911 Services Board as of June 30, 2002, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 8, the Wireless E-911 Services Board has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as of June 30*, 2002.

The Wireless E-911 Services Board has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER

FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Wireless E-911 Services Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, we considered internal controls over financial reporting and tested compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Wireless E911 Services Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Wireless E-911 Services Board's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting" is intended solely for the information and use of the Governor and General Assembly of Virginia, the Board of Directors, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

EXIT CONFERENCE

We discussed this report with management on November 8, 2002.

AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

As of June 30, 2002

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash with Treasurer of Virginia (Note 2)	\$ 45,315,072
Cash equivalents with the Treasurer of Virginia	375,631
Investments with the Treasurer of Virginia	3,798,050
Accounts receivable	4,071,360
Total current assets	53,560,113
Noncurrent assets:	
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,568
Total assets	53,565,681
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	547,887
Accrued compensated absences (Note 5)	6,318
Obligations under securities lending program	4,173,681
Total current liabilities	4,727,886
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Accrued compensated absences	1,574
Total liabilities	4,729,460
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,568
Unrestricted	48,830,653
Total net assets	\$ 48,836,221

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 27,148,179
Operating expenses:	
Personal expenses	217,873
Contractual services	100,036
Supplies and materials	6,706
Rent, insurance and other related charges	35,221
Depreciation	407
Expendable equipment/improvements	10,192
Non-recurring cost estimate payments to providers (Note 3)	20,754,428
Total operating expenses	21,124,863
Operating income	6,023,316
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest	1,823,812
Income before transfers	7,847,128
Transfer to other state agency	(125,000)
Changes in net assets	7,722,128
-	
Total net assets, July 1	41,114,093
Total net assets, June 30	\$ 48,836,221

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash receipts for sales and services	\$ 26,057,845
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(52,242)
Cash payments for contractual services	(85,955)
Cash payments to employees	(213,371)
Payments to providers for non-recurring cost estimates	(21,025,748)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,680,529
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash transfer out to other state agency	(125,000)
Cash transfer out to other state agency	(123,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:	1 022 012
Cash received from interest on cash and investments	1,823,812
Net increase (decrease) in cash	6,379,341
Cash, July 1	38,935,731
Cash, June 30	\$ 45,315,072
Cash, June 30	\$ 45,315,072
	\$ 45,315,072
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by	\$ 45,315,072
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 45,315,072 \$ 6,023,316
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$ 6,023,316
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	\$ 6,023,316
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$ 6,023,316 407
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable	\$ 6,023,316 407 (1,090,333)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	\$ 6,023,316 407 (1,090,333) (257,612)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2002

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

B. Reporting Entity

The Wireless E-911 Service Board directs the funding used to comply with the June 1996 Federal Communications Commission (FCC) directive (FCC Order 94-102), which mandated a two-phase implementation of E-911 technology by wireless service providers.

A separate report is prepared for the Commonwealth of Virginia, which includes all agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities over which the Commonwealth exercises or has the ability to exercise oversight authority. The Board is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia and is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The cash basis of accounting is used during the year. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis at the end of the fiscal year.

The activities of the Board are accounted for in an enterprise fund, used to account for governmental operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, provides governments two options for reporting their proprietary fund activities. All Proprietary Funds reported herein apply all applicable GASB pronouncements and all FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the Board has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

D. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is recorded as an expense over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method, with estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold Improvements

15 years

When assets are sold or retired, their costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses are reflected as nonoperating revenues or expenses.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash of the Board represents cash on deposit with the Treasurer of Virginia. All cash on deposit is covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Securities for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Cash equivalents and investments held by the Treasurer of Virginia represent the Board's allocated share of cash collateral received and reinvested and securities received for the State Treasury's securities lending program. Information related to the credit risk of the cash equivalents and investments and the State Treasury's securities lending program is available on a statewide level in the Commonwealth of Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

3. PAYMENTS TO PSAP OPERATORS AND CRMS PROVIDERS

The Board provides payments to Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) operators of all wireless E-911 PSAP costs and to Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) providers of all wireless E-911 CRMS costs as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u> Title 56, Chapter 15. Each PSAP operator and CMRS provider must provide the estimated costs it expects to incur during the next fiscal year. The Board reviews these estimates and makes quarterly payments to each PSAP operator and CMRS provider for qualifying costs. The Board determines whether qualifying payments to PSAP operators and CMRS providers during the preceding fiscal year exceeded or were less than the actual wireless costs incurred. Any overpayments shall be refunded to the Board or credited to qualifying payments during the current fiscal year. Effective March 2002, the Board no longer makes estimated payments to CMRS providers. The CMRS providers are reimbursed for actual costs.

For the year ended June 30, 2002, the Board made payments to PSAP operators and CMRS providers as follows:

PSAP operators \$ 17,306,615 CMRS providers \$ 3,447,813

Total \$ 20,754,428

4. FIXED ASSETS

The Board's detailed changes in fixed assets by classification for the year ended 2002, follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	
Depreciable capital assets: Leasehold Improvements Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 6,111 <u>136</u>	\$ - 407	\$ - -	\$ 6,111 543	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,975</u>	<u>\$ (407</u>)	\$	<u>\$ 5,568</u>	

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2002 was as follows:

										Amount	
	Be	ginning					I	Ending	D	ue Within	
		Balance		Additions		Reductions		<u>Balance</u>		One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	3,141	\$	7,997	\$	3,246	\$	7,892	\$	6,318	

6. WIRELESS E-911 SERVICE BOARD

The 2000 General Assembly enacted the Enhanced Public Safety Telephone Service Act (56-484.12 through 56-484.18). The act established the Wireless E-911 Services Board and the Public Safety Communications Division of the Department of Technology Planning, and continued the Wireless E-911 special fund. The Board shall be responsible for promoting and assisting the development, deployment, and maintenance of a statewide enhanced emergency telecommunications system and enhanced wireline emergency telecommunications services in specific local jurisdictions not currently wireline E-911 capable. The Board shall also be responsible for overseeing and allocating the wireless E-911 special funds and managing moneys appropriated for enhanced wireline emergency telecommunication services in local jurisdictions not wireline E-911 capable.

7. SURETY BOND

The Commonwealth of Virginia, through its Department of Treasury, Division of Risk Management, maintains self-insurance programs with coverage in the amount of \$500,000 for each loss. All employees of the Commonwealth, as well as parties acting on behalf of the Commonwealth, such as the board members of the Wireless E-911 Service Board, are covered under this policy.

8. GASB STATEMENT 34

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussions and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999, became effective for the Commonwealth for fiscal year ending June 30, 2002. This statement imposed new standards for financial reporting. The changes to the Wireless E-911 Services Board's statements were minimal under this standard.

WIRELESS E-911 SERVICES BOARD Richmond, Virginia

BOARD MEMBERS

As of June 30, 2002

Jerry Simonoff, Chairman

James M. McDonnell, Jr., Vice Chairman

David Von Moll, Treasurer

Melvin Breeden Robert Laymen
Edward Coglio Ralph Jones
John Furlough Ron D. Oakes
D. Terry Hall Henry Stanley
Thomas A. Hanson Julian H. Taliaferro

Robert W. Woltz, Jr.